

**In the Claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

1. (Original) A method for producing a therapeutic effect, comprising: administering to a pulmonary tissue of a subject an unformulated dry polysaccharide particle in an effective amount for producing a therapeutic effect, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide particle has a mean geometric diameter of 1-500 microns.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the polysaccharide is a glycosaminoglycan.
3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the glycosaminoglycan is a heparin.
4. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the glycosaminoglycan is a heparin sulfate.
5. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the glycosaminoglycan is a low molecular weight heparin.
6. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the heparin is a biotechnology derived heparin.
7. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the heparin is a chemically modified heparin.
8. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the glycosaminoglycan is a heparin analogue.

9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the heparin analogue is selected from the group consisting of an oligosaccharide and an AT-III binding pentasaccharide.

10. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the glycosaminoglycan is an unfractionated heparin preparation.

11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide particle has a mean geometric diameter of 1-200 microns.

12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide particle has a mean geometric diameter of 1-53 microns.

13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide particle has a mean geometric diameter of 53-106 microns.

14. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide particle has a mean geometric diameter of 1-5 microns.

15. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide particle has a mean aerodynamic diameter of 1-5 microns.

16. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide particle has a mean aerodynamic diameter selected from the group consisting of 5-35 and 35-75 microns.

17. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the subject has or is at risk of a coagulation disorder and the therapeutic effect of the glycosaminoglycan is anti-coagulation or antithrombosis.

18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the coagulation disorder is selected from the group consisting of thrombosis associated with cardiovascular disease and vascular conditions.

19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the cardiovascular disease is selected from the group consisting of acute myocardial infarction, unstable angina, and atrial fibrillation.

20. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the vascular condition is selected from the group consisting of deep venous thrombosis, stroke, and pulmonary embolism.

21. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the glycosaminoglycan is administered in an amount effective to produce a minimum therapeutic level of approximately 0.2 IU/ml anti-factor Xa activity.

22. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the subject is preparing to undergo, is undergoing or is recovering from a surgical procedure.

23. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein the surgical procedure is selected from the group consisting of cardiac-pulmonary by-pass surgery, coronary revascularization surgery, orthopedic surgery, and prosthesis replacement surgery.

24. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the subject has or is at risk of atherosclerosis.

25. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the subject has or is at risk of a respiratory disorder.

26. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the respiratory disorder is selected from the group consisting of asthma, emphysema, adult respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), and lung reperfusion injury.

27. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the subject has or is at risk of developing a cancer or metastasis.

28. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the subject has or is at risk of developing an inflammatory disorder.

29. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the subject has or is at risk of developing an allergy.

30. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the subject has or is at risk of developing an angiogenic disorder and the glycosaminoglycan is administered in an effective amount for preventing angiogenesis.

31. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the angiogenic disorder is selected from the group consisting of neovascular disorders of the eye, osteoporosis, psoriasis, and arthritis.

32. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the polysaccharide is selected from the group consisting of chondroitin sulfate, dermatan sulfate, hyaluronic acid, Pectin, pectin derivatives, oligosaccharides and pentasaccharides that bind to AT-III.

33. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide is self administered by the subject.

34. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide is administered through a tracheal tube.

35. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the subject is undergoing a tissue or organ transplant.

36. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide has a tap density of 0.01 - 0.4 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.

37. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide has a tap density of greater than 0.4 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.

38. (Original) A method for delivering at least 5% of a polysaccharide to lower respiratory tract, comprising:

administering to a pulmonary tissue of a subject an unformulated dry polysaccharide particle, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide particle has a mean geometric diameter of 1-500 microns, and wherein at least 5% of the polysaccharide administered is delivered to the lower respiratory tract.

39-41. (Canceled)

42. (Original) A method for systemically delivering a polysaccharide to a subject, comprising:

administering to a pulmonary tissue of the subject an unformulated dry polysaccharide particle, wherein the unformulated dry polysaccharide particle has a mean geometric diameter of 1-500 microns.

43. (Original) A composition consisting of unformulated dry glycosaminoglycan having a mean geometric diameter of 1-500 microns.

44-57. (Canceled)

58. (Previously Presented) A method for delivering a glycosaminoglycan to a subject, comprising, administering to a pulmonary tissue of a subject the composition of claim 43.

59. (Original) A method of rapidly delivering a polysaccharide to a subject comprising:

administering a dry aerosol containing a polysaccharide to a pulmonary tissue of a subject in an effective amount to produce a peak plasma concentration of polysaccharide within two hours.

60-72. (Canceled)

73. (Original) A method of rapidly delivering a polysaccharide to a subject comprising:

administering a dry aerosol containing a polysaccharide to a pulmonary tissue of a subject in an effective amount to deliver at least 5% of the polysaccharide to the blood within one hour.

74-78. (Canceled)

79. (Original) A method for producing a rapid therapeutic effect, comprising:

administering a dry aerosol containing a polysaccharide to a pulmonary tissue of a subject in an effective amount for producing a therapeutic effect within 1 hour of administration.

80-81. (Canceled)

82. (Original) A composition comprising a dry aerosol formulation of particles containing a heparin-like glycosaminoglycan, wherein the particles have a mean geometric diameter of greater than 30 microns.

83-88. (Canceled)

89. (Original) A composition comprising a dry aerosol formulation of particles containing a heparin-like glycosaminoglycan, wherein the particles have a mean aerodynamic diameter of greater than 5 microns.

90. (Original) A composition comprising a dry aerosol formulation of particles containing a heparin-like glycosaminoglycan, wherein the particles have a tap density of greater than 0.4 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.

91. (Original) A kit for administering a dry aerosol containing a polysaccharide to the respiratory tract of a subject comprising:

an inhalation apparatus,  
polysaccharide dry aerosol particle formulation, wherein the polysaccharide dry aerosol particle is formulated to release at least 5% of the polysaccharide within 2 hours and  
a detection system.

92-98. (Canceled)

99. (Original) A method for delivering a polysaccharide to a subject, comprising: administering to a pulmonary tissue of the subject a dry aerosol formulation comprising an unformulated dry glycosaminoglycan preparation and a formulated dry glycosaminoglycan preparation to deliver the polysaccharide to the subject.

100-112. (Canceled)

113. (New) The method of claim 38, wherein at least 10% of the polysaccharide administered is delivered to the lower respiratory tract.

114. (New) The method of claim 38, wherein at least 30% of the polysaccharide administered is delivered to the lower respiratory tract.

115. (New) The method of claim 38, wherein at least 50% of the polysaccharide administered is delivered to the lower respiratory tract.

116. (New) The composition of claim 43, wherein the unformulated dry glycosaminoglycan has a mean geometric diameter of 1-200 microns.

117. (New) The composition of claim 43, wherein the unformulated dry glycosaminoglycan has a mean geometric diameter of 1-53 microns.

118. (New) The composition of claim 43, wherein the unformulated dry glycosaminoglycan has a mean geometric diameter of 1-5 microns.

119. (New) The composition of claim 43, wherein the unformulated dry glycosaminoglycan has a mean geometric diameter of 5-53 microns.

120. (New) The composition of claim 43, wherein the unformulated dry glycosaminoglycan has a mean geometric diameter of 53-106 microns.

121. (New) The composition of claim 43, wherein the glycosaminoglycan is selected from the group consisting of a heparin, a heparin sulfate, a low molecular weight heparin, a biotechnology derived heparin, a chemically modified heparin, a heparin analogue, and an unfractionated heparin preparation.

122. (New) The composition of claim 43, further comprising a formulated dry glycosaminoglycan preparation.

123. (New) The composition of claim 122, wherein the glycosaminoglycan of the formulated dry glycosaminoglycan preparation is selected from the group consisting of a heparin, a heparin sulfate, a low molecular weight heparin, a biotechnology derived heparin, a chemically modified heparin, a heparin analogue, and an unfractionated heparin preparation.

124. (New) The composition of claim 122, wherein the glycosaminoglycan of the formulated dry glycosaminoglycan preparation is the same as the glycosaminoglycan of the unformulated dry glycosaminoglycan preparation.

125. (New) The composition of claim 122, wherein the glycosaminoglycan of the formulated dry glycosaminoglycan preparation is different than the glycosaminoglycan of the unformulated dry glycosaminoglycan preparation.

126. (New) The composition of claim 122, wherein the formulated dry glycosaminoglycan preparation includes a polymer to effect slow release of the glycosaminoglycan.

127. (New) The composition of claim 126, wherein the polymer is selected from the group consisting of PLA, PGA, and PLGA.

128. (New) The composition of claim 122, wherein the formulated dry glycosaminoglycan preparation includes a surfactant.

129. (New) The composition of claim 128, wherein the surfactant is DPPC.

130. (New) A method of claim 73, wherein at least 10% of the polysaccharide is delivered to the blood within one hour.

131. (New) The method of claim 73, wherein at least 20% of the polysaccharide is delivered to the blood within one hour.

132. (New) The method of claim 73, wherein at least 40% of the polysaccharide is delivered to the blood within one hour.

133. (New) The method of claim 73, wherein at least 50% of the polysaccharide is delivered to the blood within one hour.

134. (New) A method of claim 73, wherein at least 10% of the polysaccharide is detectable in the blood within one hour.

135. (New) The composition of claim 82, wherein the particles are spherical.

136. (New) The composition of claim 82, wherein the particles are non-spherical.

137. (New) The composition of claim 82, wherein the particles are porous.

138. (New) The composition of claim 82, wherein the particles are non-porous.

139. (New) The composition of claim 82, further comprising a surfactant.

140. (New) The composition of claim 82, further comprising a polymer to effect slow release of the heparin-like glycosaminoglycan.